

## Aim and design of the study

- 1. Based on a questionnaire, researchers within polar research at the University of Bergen are located
- 2. Based on this core group, publications are retrieved
  - Publications are filtered by belonging to polar research (manually)
    - Publications are analyzed by co-authors at the University of Bergen, position and faculty
- 3. Publications are analyzed
  - By co-publishing countries
  - > By co-publishing institutions
- 4. Findings are compare to other studies



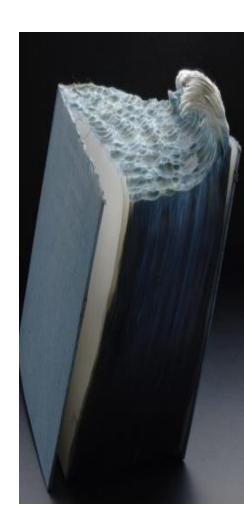
#### **Data source**

#### CRISTIN

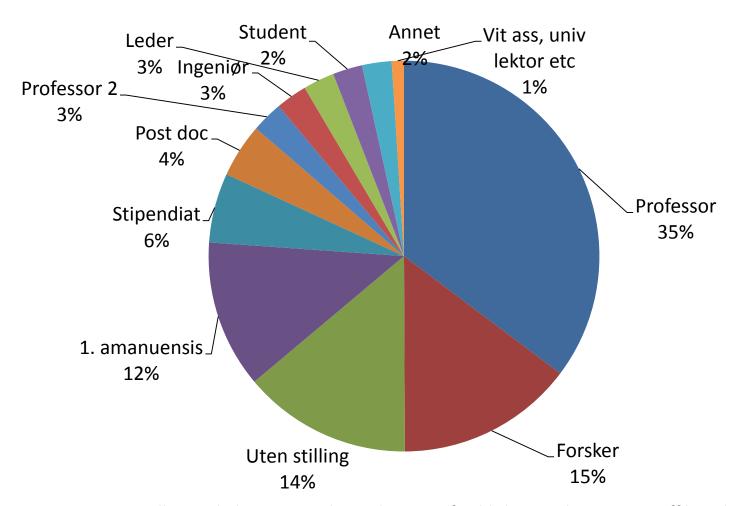
- CRISTIN is a national, authorative system for documenting scholarly publications.
- Even though CRISTIN in a national system, the University of Bergen data access is restricted to publications of the University's publications only. For benchmarking reasons other studies have been consulted.
- Included publications
  - Publications which state the University of Bergen as an affiliation
  - Publication which are scholarly according to approved publishing channels
- Investigated time period : 2009-2012.

## Main results (2009-2012)

- Core group of polar researchers: 64
- 263 publications by the core group have been classified «polar»
  - Ca 14% are gold open access
- These publications involved 269 authors from the University of Bergen
- 150 publications (ca 60%) had a co-author from abroad
- Co-authors came from
  - 30 different countries in addition to Norway
  - 242 institutions in addition to The University of Bergen

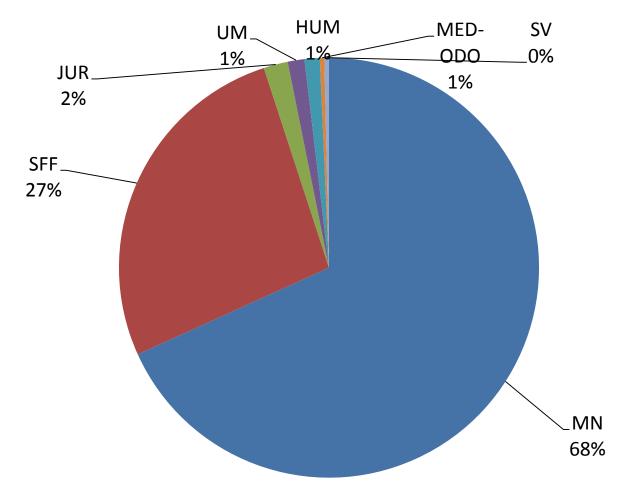


### Polar publications by position



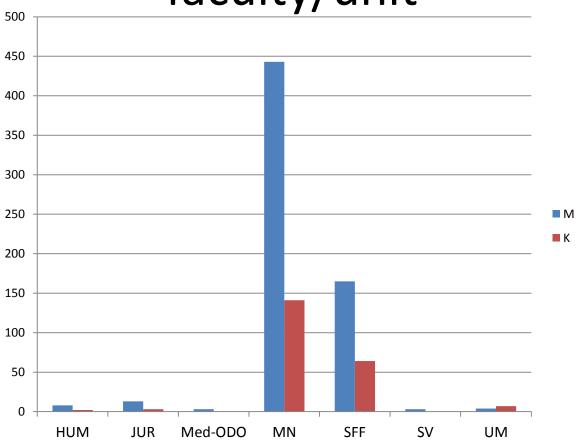
Category Uten stilling include persons who at the time of publishing no longer were affiliated to The University of Bergen, but stated it as their addresse on the publication.

## Polar publications by faculty/unit



All authors count, double counting occurs when an author belong to more than one faculty.

# Polar publications by gender and faculty/unit



All authors count, double counting occurs when an author belong to more than one faculty.

## Co-publications by country

Country	Number of UiB publications	Country	Number of UiB publications
Storbritannia	35	Spania	5
USA	33	Portugal	4
Tyskland	28	Kina	3
Frankrike	23	Nederland	3
Island	20	Tsjekkia	2
Sverige	17	Australia	2
Danmark	14	Romania	1
Ukjent	13	Italia	1
Finland	11	Taiwan	1
Østerrike	10	Chile	1
Canada	7	Færøyene	1
Sveits	7	Irland	1
Russland	7	Belgia	1
Japan	7	Argentina	1
Polen	5	New Zealand	1
		Grand Total	265

## Comparing with a study by Aksnes et al. Norwegian partnership based on WoS data

Landnavn	Antall publik	UiB asjoner	Landnavn	Antall UiB publikasjoner
Storbritannia		35	Spania	5
USA		33	Portugal	4
Tyskland		28	Kina	3
Frankrike		23	Nederland	3
Island		20	Tsjekkia	2
Sverige	WoS	17	Australia	2
Danmark		14	Romania	1
Ukjent		13	Italia	1
Finland		11	Taiwan	1
Østerrike		10	Chile	1
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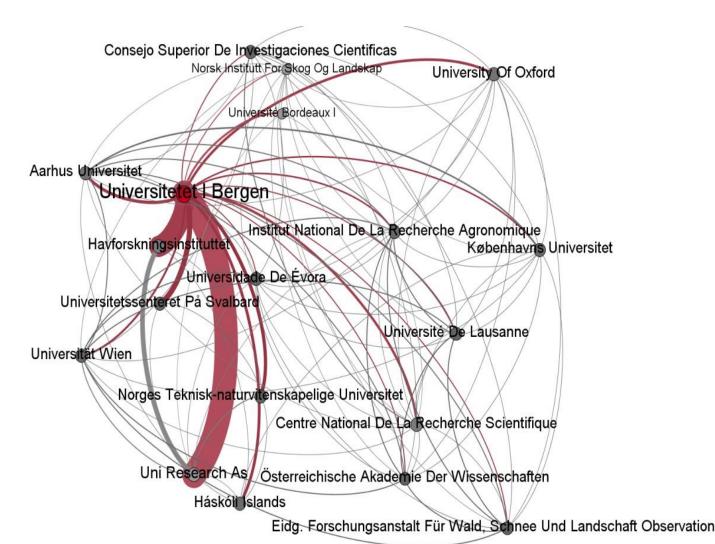
## Comparing with a study by Science Metrix UiB partnership based on SCOPUS data

Rank	<b>UiB (CRIStin)</b>		UiB (SCOPUS, 58 land)
1	Storbritannia	$\longleftrightarrow$	United Kingdom
2	USA	$\longleftrightarrow$	United States
3	Tyskland	$\longleftrightarrow$	Germany
4	Frankrike	K 1	Denmark
5	Island	1	France
6	Sverige	$\longleftrightarrow$	Sweden
7	Danmark	1/1	Switzerland
8	Finland	K X	Canada
9	Østerrike		Iceland
10	Canada	Z Z	Russia
11	Sveits		Finland
12	Russland	K	Netherlands
13	Japan		Spain
14	Polen		Japan
15	Spania $ u$	<u> </u>	Australia

#### **Co-publishing institutions**

	Number of
	publications
Uni Research AS	50
Havforskningsinstituttet	40
Nansen Senter for Miljø og Fjernmåling	20
Universitetet i Oslo	15
Akvaplan Niva AS	14
Universitetssenteret på Svalbard	11
University College London	7
Norges teknisk-naturvitenskapelige universitet	7
Aarhus Universitet	6
Norsk institutt for naturforskning	6
Universitetet for miljø- og biovitenskap	6
Háskóli Islands	6
Norsk institutt for vannforskning	6
Laboratoire des Sciences du Climat et de l'Environnement	6
The International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis	6
Leibniz-Institutes für Ostseeforschung Warnemünde	6
Nasjonalt institutt for ernærings- og sjømatforskning	6
Alfred-Wegener-Institut für Polar- und Meeresforschung	5
Centre national de la recherche scientifique	5
Oulun yliopisto	5
Helsingin yliopisto	5
Hokkaido Daigaku	5
University of Oxford	5

## Co-publishing network, national and international institutions

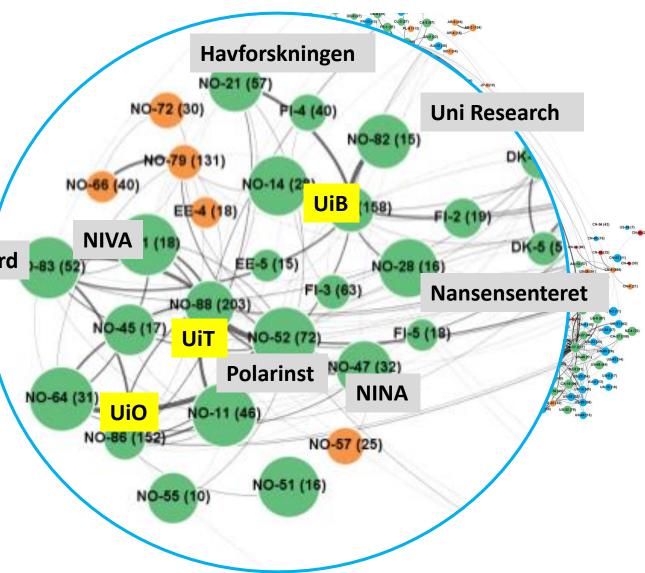


#### Co-publishing network (SCOPUS, 2010-12, Science Metrix)

Diameter and colour proportional with specialisation and impact

Bredth proportional / with number | Svalbard co-publications

Numbers in brackets indicate sum of publications (fractional counting)

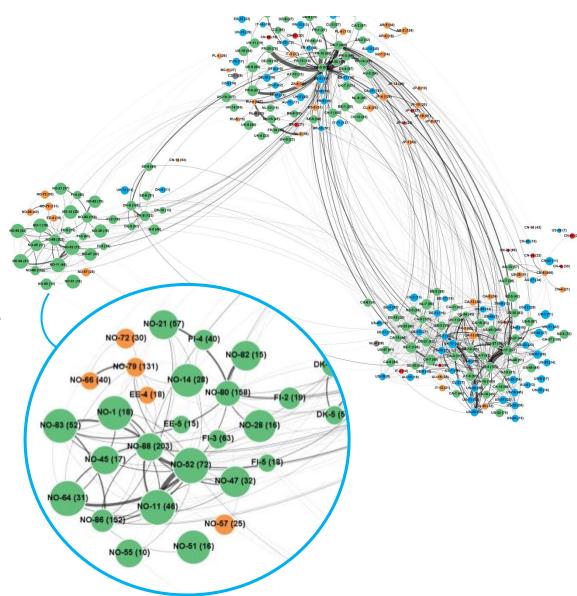


#### Performance and Collaboration Profiles by Theme –

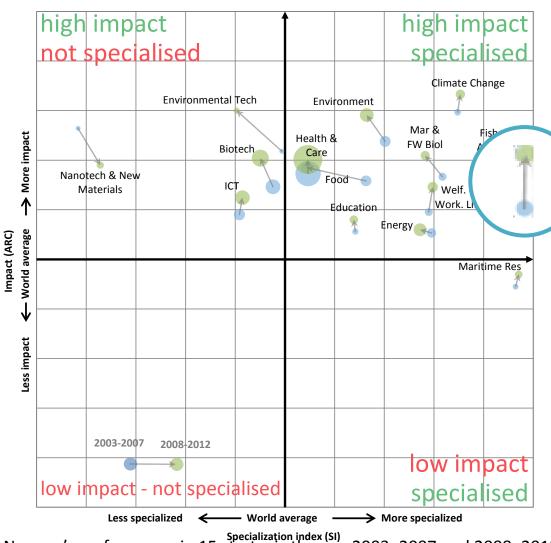
#### **Arctic & Antarctic**

Results on organisational level

- network consists of a European (top), US (lower right) and Nordic cluster (lower left)
- in the Nordic cluster, U. of Tromso (NO-88) is central hub
- most Norwegian institutions have high SIs and ARIFs
- U. of Copenhagen (DK-9) ranks
   5<sup>th</sup> in terms of centrality and acts as hub between Nordic and two other clusters
- Norway could deploy its strong relation with U. of Copenhagen to increase opportunities to collaborate more with European and US clusters



#### Polar research in Norway



- In international context, Norway show
  - High degree of specialisation
  - High and increasing impact

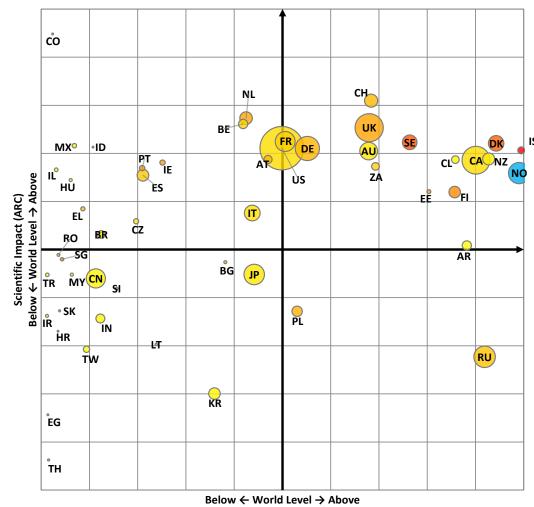
- Axis show world average
- Everything within the first quadrant lies over world average
- Diameter proportional with number of articles (fractional counting)

Norway's performance in 15 strategic themes 2003–2007 and 2008–2012

#### Kilde:

- Science-Metrix. (2014). Bibliometric Study in Support of Norway's Strategy for International Research Collaboration. Interim Report.
- SCOPUS

#### Collaborating countries – Polar research



Specialisation Index (SI)

- Norway and Iceland most specialised, high degree of collaboration them between
- Diameter proportional with number of articles: Norway, Iceland, Canada, Switzerland, Denmark, UK, US and New Zealand are most important actors
- Colour intensity proportional to degree of collaboration with Norway: Increased collaboration with Canada, US and New Zealand may be beneficial

lde:
Science-Metrix. (2014). Bibliometric Study in Support of Norway's Strategy for International Research Collaboration. *Interim Report*. Kilde:

**SCOPUS** 

### Kilder

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   Universitetet i Bergen.
  - CRIStin-data
- Aksnes, D. W., Rørstad, K. & Røsdal, T. (2012). Norsk polarforskning –
  forskning på Svalbard. Ressursinnsats og vitenskapelig publisering –
  indikatorer 2010: NIFU.
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  - SCOPUS-data
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